Claims 1-3, 5-23 and 27-34 remain in the application and are listed as follows:

## 1. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

receiving a web page definition <u>at a computing device</u>, the <u>web page</u> <u>definition</u> having a slicing tree describing an arrangement of a plurality of blocks in the web page; <del>and</del>

selecting a combination of the plurality of blocks to be adapted such that information fidelity is maximized according to the expression:

$$IF(P) = \sum_{P_i = P} IMP_i \cdot IF_{B_i - 1}$$

where IMP<sub>i</sub> is a value representing importance of block B<sub>i</sub>. IF<sub>B</sub> is a value representing information fidelity of block B<sub>i</sub>, and IF(P) is the total information fidelity of the web page; and

rendering the web page on a display screen according to the slicing tree.

- (Original) A method as recited in claim 1 wherein the web page definition further includes block property data associated with one or more of the plurality of blocks.
- 3. (Original) A method as recited in claim 2 further comprising scaling one or more of the plurality of blocks according to a function of display screen size and the block property data.

## 4. (Cancelled).

5. (Original) A method as recited in claim 2 wherein the block property data comprises:

an importance field;
a minimal perceptible size field;
a minimal perceptible height field;
a minimal perceptible width field;
an adjustability field; and

an alternative field.

- (Original) A method as recited in claim 5 further comprising determining a scaling number using a capacity based ratio algorithm.
- (Original) A method as recited in claim 1 further comprising summarizing one or more of the plurality of blocks.
- **8.** (Original) A method as recited in claim 1 further comprising associating a scaling factor with one or more of the plurality of blocks.
- 9. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1 further comprising generating a binary tree having a plurality of nodes, wherein each node corresponds to a combination of the plurality of blocks.

 (Original) A method as recited in claim 9 further comprising maximizing information fidelity subject to:

$$\sum_{B_i \in P^*} size\left(ALT_i\right) + \sum_{B_i \in P^*} MPS_i \le Area ,$$

where  $ALT_i$  is an adapted representation of block  $B_i$ , size( $ALT_i$ ) is a function that returns the size of  $ALT_i$ ,  $MPS_i$  is a value representing a minimum perceptible size of block  $B_i$ , and Area is a value representing the size of the target area in which the web page is rendered.

- 11. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1 further comprising scaling one or more of the blocks to maximize information fidelity subject to a target area on the display screen.
- 12. (Original) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon computer-executable instruction for performing a method comprising:

generating a web page definition having block property data defining a minimum perceptible size of a plurality of blocks in the web page.

- 13. (Original) A computer-readable medium as recited in claim 12, the method further comprising generating a slicing tree defining the horizontal and vertical arrangement of the plurality of blocks in the web page.
- 14. (Original) A computer-readable medium as recited in claim 12 wherein the block property data further comprises an importance value, an alternative representation, an adjustment value, a minimum perceptible height value, and a minimum perceptible width value.

- (Original) A computer-readable medium as recited in claim 12 wherein the web page definition is dynamically generated on a server side object.
- 16. (Original) A computer-readable medium as recited in claim 12, the method further comprising adapting one of more of the blocks to fit in a target area based on the minimum perceptible size.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A processor-readable computer-readable medium having processor-executable computer-executable instructions for performing a method comprising:

receiving a web page definition defining a plurality of blocks in a web page;

determining a maximum information fidelity associated with a combination of summarized and unsummarized blocks in the web page; and

rendering the web page on a display device with the combination of summarized and unsummarized blocks.

**18.** (Currently Amended) A processor readable computer-readable medium as recited in claim 17, the method further comprising:

scaling one or more of the blocks based on a slicing tree definition in the web page definition.

19. (Currently Amended) A processor readable computer-readable medium as recited in claim 17, wherein the determining a maximum information fidelity comprises:

generating a binary tree having a plurality of nodes, each node representing a combination of unsummarized blocks: and

performing a depth-first traversal of the binary tree to identify the combination of unsummarized blocks for which the information fidelity is maximized.

- 20. (Currently Amended) A processor readable computer-readable medium as recited in claim 19, wherein the performing a depth-first traversal comprises sorting the plurality of blocks in order of decreasing importance.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A processor readable computer-readable medium as recited in claim 19, wherein the performing a depth-first traversal comprises determining whether the combinations of unsummarized blocks are valid.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A processor readable computer-readable medium as recited in claim 19, wherein the performing a depth-first traversal comprises determining whether the combinations of unsummarized blocks are feasible in accordance with block property data.

## 23. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a browser operable to browse a web page based on a web page definition comprising a slicing tree defining an arrangement of a plurality of rectangular regions in the web page[[.]], the web page definition including parametric data associated with one of the plurality of rectangular regions, the parametric data describing adaptability parameters related to the associated rectangular region;

a proxy module operable to generate an adapted web page definition based on the parametric data, wherein the proxy module is further operable to determine a set of the plurality of rectangular regions to be summarized such that information fidelity of the adapted web page is maximized; and

a rendering module operable to render an adapted web page on a display screen based on the adapted web page definition.

## 24-26. (Cancelled).

27. (Currently Amended) A system as recited in claim 26 23, wherein the proxy module is further operable to traverse a binary tree having nodes representing sets of unsummarized rectangular regions.

**28.** (Currently Amended) A method of generating a web page having a plurality of blocks, the method comprising:

determining a first information fidelity associated with a first set of the plurality of blocks;

determining a second information fidelity related to a second set of the plurality of blocks; and

rendering the first set of blocks on a display device in a summarized fashion version if in response to determining that the first information fidelity is greater than the second information fidelity.

- **29.** (Original) A method as recited in claim 28 further comprising: arranging the plurality of blocks according to a slicing tree.
- 30. (Original) A method as recited in claim 28 further comprising: scaling a first block based on a minimum perceptible size value associated with the first block and a target display area.
- 31. (Original) A method as recited in claim 28 further comprising associating an importance value to each block in the plurality of blocks.
- 32. (Original) A method as recited in claim 31 wherein the importance values range from zero to one.
- 33. (Original) A method as recited in claim 29 wherein the slicing tree is defined in a markup language file defining the web page.

**34.** (**Original**) A method as recited in claim 33 wherein the markup language file further comprises block property data for each of the plurality of blocks in the web page.